

Audiological reults and quality of life in elderly cochlear implant users

TÜVRheinland GERTIFIED Cansler A. (Aud), Rossi N. (Aud), Diamante L. (Psych) Pallares N. (MA), Diamante V. (PhD) Cochlear Implants Center "Profesor Diamante" Buenos Aires, Argentina.



info@cic-diamante.com.ar

Hearing loss is significantly associated with cognitive decline, may be related to depression, isolation and altered selfsteem. Auditory deprivation decreases neuronal activity in auditory brain areas. However, it was shown that with electrical stimulation a reorganization of auditory cortex is possible due to brain plasticity.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To analyze the benefits of CI in a group of elderly patients in relation to speech recognition after 6 months of use.
- 2. To compare results among younger age groups with over 75 years
- 3. Relate these results to the benefits in their life quality.

MATERIAL AND METHOD

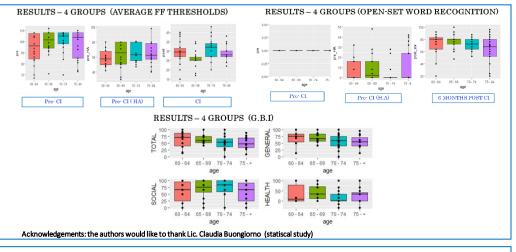
- Data analysis was performed before the implantation and at 6 months post operatively.
- Average free-field thresholds (250 to 4000 Hz pre and post CI).
- Speech perception scores preoperatively with and without hearing aids and post CI.
- Audiological results were related to the Glasgow Benefit Inventory questionnaire.

STUDY DESIGN

Retrospective analysis of 70 postlingual elderly Nucleus and Advanced Bionics Cl users.

4 subgroups were compared:

60-64 years 65-69 years 70-74 years + 75 years



RESULTS

- Open-set word recognition scores are clearly better and similar among the different groups.
- G.B.I results show positive changes in related quality of life, all the variables (overall, general and physical health, social support) improved their scores.
- Average CI free-field thresholds has better values and less variability. There are no significant differences between the different age ranges.

CONCLUSIONS

 Increase in life expectancy makes more elderly patients CI candidates. Consistent with previous studies (Waltzman, 1993; Leung, 2005; Orabi, 2006; Eshraghi, 2009; Benatti, 2013), our results show that the use of this therapy significantly improves audiological performance, a fact that positively impacts their social abilities and quality of life.